



Colin Anderson

Harvest Moon Society

University of Manitoba, Environmental Conservation Lab



Context: Local Alternative Food



Discontent w/ industrial food
Environment Taste Safety
Support Local
Relationships

Livelihood Risk Control
Local Food as a Rural
Development Tool
Re-connecting





Rural-Urban **•** Farm-Eater Connections





- Growing Interest in Direct Marketing
- Multiple roles of DM Farmers
- And scale?
- How to Manage this collectively?





Early Development

(fall 2006 - summer 2007)



By 2010, members of the HMFG will capture a greater portion of the food dollar by reducing the distance between farm and fork. This will have a positive economic impact on participating farm families which will resonate through their communities. This economic impact will also increase agricultural opportunities for the next generation of farmers.

business.



Initial Focus - "Pooled Model"

Summer 2007 to Spring 2009

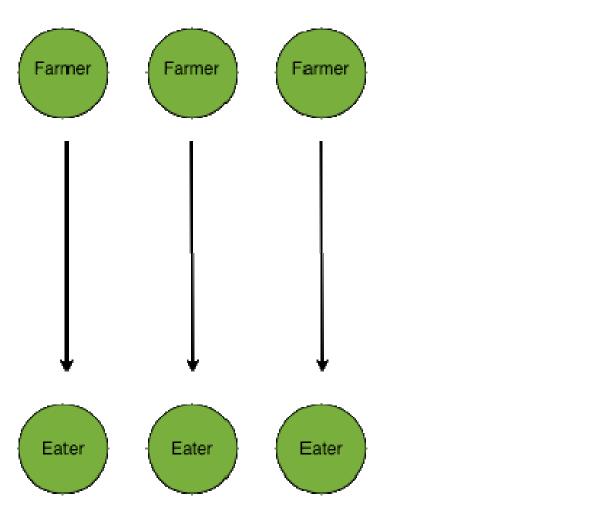
Pooling products

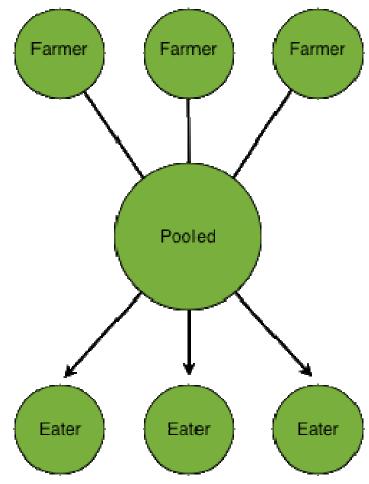
Focus on larger buyers

Collectivize everything

- Better suited farmers who were doing little direct marketing
- Standardize production practices
- Other farmers were developing direct marketing businesses as individuals

"I Sell" vs. "We Sell"





Hybrid Model?



Transition Towards "I Sell"

(Spring 2009 to now)

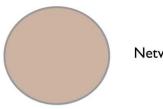
- Collapse of pooled model standards
- Lost some farmers
- Collectivizing reduced from pooling products to enabling direct marketing (farm to eater relationships)
- Now moving again towards collectivizing more of the DM process

Food Buying Club Model



Network of Food Buying Clubs/Communities

Harvest Moon Local Food Initiative Buying Group Network



Network



Buying Club



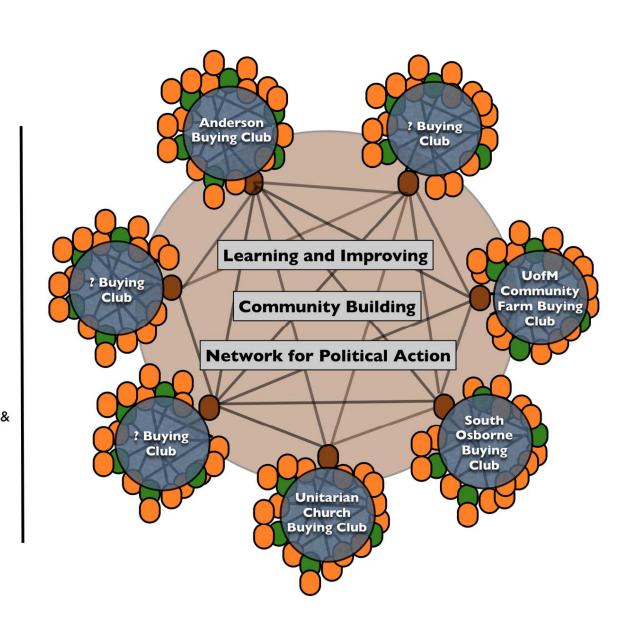
Buying Club Organizer & **Network Facilitators**



Eater



Farmer





Collectivizing Direct Local Food Relationships

Farmer-Farmer

Eater-Eater

Eater-Farmer



Challenges and Opportunities

- 1. Bridging the rural-urban divide to create mutual understanding and equitable decision-making in the food system
- 2. Growing local food to have an impact at larger scales by transforming what's on the dinner table of mainstream consumers
- 3. Moving beyond the dominant approach to food systems change (as consumers and producers through the marketplace) to change as citizens through political participation and community development



Lessons Learned

- Collective direct marketing can involve collectivizing different aspects of DM process
- Different farmers have varying needs/visions of what collectivization looks like
- Explore commonalities and differences in vision early. Have the hard discussions. What is 'local'. What is Good Food and Good Farming?



Lessons Learned

- Need to find solutions in Manitoba for commodity-focused producers looking for alternatives
- Overcome binaries. Hybrid approaches.
- Initiatives that go beyond atomistic producerconsumer relationships are needed
- Not consumers, but network of partners



Acknowledgements

- Heifer International
- SSHRC Linking, Learning, Leveraging
- SSHRC CGS Scholarship
- Manitoba Rural Adaptation Council

"I Sell"

Both

"We

Sell"

Advocacy / Education

Marketing

Processing

Production

Transportation

Managing Relationships

Branding